



**Submission to  
Christchurch City Council  
on the  
Draft Long Term Plan 2018-2028**

**Date: 12 April 2018**

**TOURISM INDUSTRY AOTEAROA**

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Tourism Industry Aotearoa (TIA) welcomes the opportunity to comment on the Long Term Plan 2018-2028 of Christchurch City Council. This submission comprises two main parts. Part One provides a general perspective on tourism at a regional level. Part Two provides specific feedback on the draft Long-term Plan.

This submission is filed without prejudice to TIA's future position. Our ability to prepare a comprehensive submission responding to the consultation document relied on the provision by the Council of information relevant to the connection between the consultation document and the benefits that would accrue. If any information is provided at a later date, TIA reserve the right to comment further.

## **INTRODUCTION**

1. Tourism Industry Aotearoa (TIA) is the peak body for the tourism industry in New Zealand. With over 1,500 members, TIA represents a range of tourism-related activities including hospitality, accommodation, adventure and other activities, attractions and retail, airports and airlines, as well as related tourism services.
2. The primary role of TIA is to be the voice of the tourism industry. This includes working for members on advocacy, policy, communication, events, membership and business capability. The team is based in Wellington and is led by Chief Executive, Chris Roberts.
3. Tourism 2025 ([www.tourism2025.org.nz](http://www.tourism2025.org.nz)), an industry-led, government supported economic growth framework was launched in New Zealand in 2014 and has set an aspirational goal of reaching \$41 billion in annual tourism revenues by 2025. Spend growth has been rapid since 2014 and we are well on target to reach that goal.
4. This year, TIA is working on a Tourism 2025 reset that will include incorporating sustainability principles, articulating a longer-term view of tourism in coordination with Central Government; and identifying new priority actions to be addressed over the next 1-3 years.
5. Any enquiries relating to this paper should in the first instance be referred to Nienke van Dijken, TIA Policy Analyst at [nienke.vandijken@tia.org.nz](mailto:nienke.vandijken@tia.org.nz) or by phone on 04 494 1842.

## **STAKEHOLDER CONSULTATION**


6. In preparing this submission, TIA has engaged with members in the Christchurch area.

## **TOURISM'S IMPACT AT A REGIONAL LEVEL**

7. The annual visitor spend from both international and domestic visitors for Christchurch City Council is \$2.365 billion (YE Feb 2018).

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8. The tourism industry makes a significant contribution to regional economic development through the jobs and income it creates. Only a fraction of visitor spending actually occurs in places commonly considered visitor specific e.g. accommodation, attractions. The rest takes place in shops, cafes, petrol stations and other local businesses. Local farmers and market gardeners benefit from selling their goods directly or indirectly to visitors.
9. On any day of the year your community is hosting the visitors, domestic and international, who are helping support local jobs and businesses.
10. One of the keys to a strong regional visitor economy is the quality of the visitor experience. Councils play an important part in that experience with the investment they make in infrastructure e.g. roads, water/waste disposal, broadband, attractions and events in addition to their support for promotional bodies. Councils play a vital role in helping visitors, as well as ratepayers, make the most of their time in the community.
11. Councils' planning need to consider the needs of visitors and residents so that the community can reap the benefits of the visitor economy.
12. In 2016, TIA developed a Local Government Manifesto, outlining eight priority actions for councils to reap greater economic and social rewards from tourism. A copy of this manifesto was sent to all Local Councils, ahead of the Local Council Election. For more details, please refer to Appendix 1.

### **Challenges and opportunities of tourism growth**

13. Tourism growth presents both challenges and opportunities. The visitor economy is a major driver of regional prosperity but the costs and benefits of increased tourism do not always fall evenly. However, talk of new visitor taxes and levies must be debated robustly, with all the issues and options considered. Any form of national or local tourism tax or levy must be fair, efficient and ring-fenced for tourism-related investments.
14. We understand that the growth in tourism in your region may bring with it specific issues. The following section explores some of those likely issues, how the industry is responding and what you, as a Council, could do.

### **15. Infrastructure**

Recent tourism growth has placed pressure on some infrastructure used by visitors. In order to better understand and size this issue, TIA undertook a [National Tourism Infrastructure Assessment](#) in 2016/17. The resulting report identified the main infrastructure deficits in both the private and public sectors.

The priority infrastructure types identified nationally were:

- Visitor accommodation
- Telecommunications
- Airport facilities
- Road transport
- Car parking
- Public toilets
- Water and sewerage systems

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Much of the infrastructure identified as a priority for investment is local and mixed use (used by both residents and visitors) and has often seen long-term under-investment. To optimise the benefits of tourism for host communities, coordination between Central and Local Government agencies and industry partners is needed for projects to proceed.

*What the Industry is doing:*

- TIA successfully advocated for the Tourism Infrastructure Fund resulting in a \$100m fund for local and mixed-use infrastructure.
- Tourism sectors able to scale-up quickly are doing so, e.g. the road transport sector has been able to respond quickly with increased fleet size.
- Operators making significant private investment into infrastructure, e.g. Christchurch Adventure Park.
- TIA is undertaking work to identify and address the key barriers to infrastructure investment.

*What you as a Local Council could do in regards to infrastructure:*

- Apply to the Tourism Infrastructure Fund for projects like new carparks, toilets and visitor facilities.
- Coordinate with Central Government and industry partners on infrastructure projects submitted to the Regional Growth Fund.
- Ensure the Long-term Plan accurately reflects the infrastructure needs of tourism.

## **16. Social Licence to Operate**

The fast growth of visitor economy has caused unease in some host communities, with locals worried about the number of visitors and the impact. This places pressure on the social licence the industry has to operate within these communities.

*What the Industry is doing:*

- TIA in conjunction with Tourism New Zealand undertakes six-monthly 'Mood of the Nation' research to assess New Zealanders' views of tourism.
- TIA in conjunction with Tourism New Zealand is developing a 'Tourism Narrative' project, which includes helping local businesses tell their stories.
- TIA is a key partner in NZTA's Visiting Drivers project to reduce the number of accidents by visiting drivers.
- TIA leads the Responsible Camping Forum, a group of 40 organisations representing rental operators, industry associations, Local and Central Government working together to manage freedom camping.
- A number of infrastructure initiatives will contribute to addressing social licence issues such as over-crowding.

*What you as a Local Council could do in regards to social licence concerns:*

- Ensure freedom camping is effectively managed in your region
- Promote the benefits of tourism in your region to the local community

## **17. Sustainable tourism**

With the rapid growth achieved in the past few years, the tourism industry is facing the challenges of managing and sustaining growth, rather than generating growth. There needs to be purposeful effort to actively manage the industry for its long term sustainable success.

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*What the Industry is doing:*

- TIA has worked with industry and with Government agencies' support to develop a Tourism [Sustainability Commitment](#) (TSC). The Commitment establishes a set of aspirational goals at both an industry and business level across the areas of economic, environmental, host communities and visitor sustainability. Tourism operators are signing up to the TSC and working towards implementing the sustainability commitments within their businesses.



*What you as a Local Council could do to support tourism sustainability:*

- Support the tourism sustainability goal through positive policy and regulatory settings, and funding.
- Sign up the Council or your appropriate agency to the TSC and actively promote the TSC to your local tourism operators.

## **18. Protecting and restoring the environment**

Tourism is a highly competitive global industry. New Zealand's environment is our unique selling point, it underpins our 100% Pure New Zealand tourism position and supports many of our iconic adventure and outdoor activities. Data from the International Visitor Survey conducted for the Ministry of Business Innovation and Employment (MBIE) shows that the top factor for influencing visitors to choose New Zealand is our natural landscape and scenery.

New Zealand's natural environmental assets are under threat, including many of our native species, our freshwater rivers and lakes, and our unique landscapes.

*What the Industry is doing:*

- The environment is one of the four pillars of the Tourism Sustainability Commitment. The TSC asks that Tourism businesses actively support and champion ecological restoration initiatives, and that they are measuring, managing and minimising their environmental footprint.

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- TIA is a member of the Land and Water Forum and advocates with central government to protect our natural environment.

*What you as a Local Council could do to support our valuable environment:*

- Recognise the economic value of your environmental assets to tourism
- Ensure the Long-term Plan accurately reflects the environmental needs of tourism
- Action the requirements of the National Policy Statement for Freshwater Management as quickly as possible

## **Part Two - Specific feedback on your LTP**

19. In the following section, we provide feedback on the tourism components within your LTP.

20. We understand that Long Term Plans set out a local authority's priorities in the medium to long term.

21. We understand that Christchurch City Council's priorities are:

- Enabling active citizenship and connected communities
- Maximising opportunities to develop a vibrant, prosperous and sustainable 21st century city
- Climate change leadership
- Informed and proactive approaches to natural hazard risks
- Increasing active, public and shared transport opportunities and use
- Safe and sustainable water supply and improved waterways.

*Additional funding for ChristchurchNZ*

22. It is pleasing to see that ChristchurchNZ will receive \$10.2m from the Council to enable it to carry out a range of activities including attracting major events, economic development, encouraging visitors, and promoting the city.

23. We are supportive of the Council providing ChristchurchNZ with additional funding of \$1.4m so that they can establish a dedicated seed fund that can be used to bid for major events on behalf of the city, support new events through sponsorship and test feasibility of new concepts.

24. As was noted in Tourism 2025, events are a good way for regions to attract high value visitors and to boost demand for accommodation and other services outside the high season. One of the priorities that came out of the Tourism 2025 refresh was to target the Meetings, Incentives, Conference and Exhibition sector to attract high value visitors. It is pleasing to see that the Council understands the direct and indirect economic benefit of major events.

25. Apart from attracting visitors to Christchurch and stimulating economic activity, events will also assist in bringing communities together and a vibrant city.

26. Because of the economic benefits events bring to a city, many regions in New Zealand are focussing on attracting events to their region. Having sufficient funds to attract these events and visitors is adamant to be successful.

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27. We understand that the Council is currently in the process of reviewing two of its anchor projects, the Metro Sports Facility and the Stadium, and that this is not part of the LTP process.
28. We would like to reinforce that having appropriate venues and facilities is a key part of the success of attracting events to Christchurch. These types of facilities will provide enduring assets for the city that can be used for a wide variety of activities that both domestic and international visitors will be drawn to.

#### *Environmental issues*

19. As noted, New Zealand's environment is our unique selling point and our natural environmental assets are under threat, including our freshwater rivers and lakes, and our unique landscapes.
20. We are pleased to see that the Council understands the importance of sustainability, environmental protection, ecological values, clean rivers, clean air and food resilience.
21. We understand that the Council aims to prioritise work to repair roads over other in-ground infrastructure. Although we understand the value of repairing roads, it is concerning that Council expects the condition of some wastewater assets to deteriorate and wastewater overflows are expected to increase.
22. We do not think this is a sustainable way of prioritising issues. Wastewater overflows can have serious environmental impacts; impacts that are not easily restored. We encourage the Council to do what they can to increase the priority on improving the condition of wastewater assets.

#### *Our parks and heritage*

23. Parks and heritage buildings are an important asset in attracting visitors to Christchurch. We are supportive of the Council's proposal of developing community and regional parks and we are supportive for the Council to continue contributing to the Landmark Grant Fund.

#### Follow up process

18. TIA wishes to have the opportunity to participate further in any follow-up process, including any formal meetings, to ensure that the potential impacts on tourism are adequately represented.

#### **BACKGROUND**

29. Tourism for New Zealand is big business as the country's largest export sector. It is a major contributor to the New Zealand economy that will always be here and won't easily go offshore. Tourism takes the lead in promoting New Zealand to the world. The brand positioning built by a vibrant tourism industry has become an important source of national confidence and identity and a front window for "Brand New Zealand". Indeed, the clean and pure offer that is synonymous with New Zealand

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tourism has been widely adopted and used to promote New Zealand exports in a range of other industries as well.


30. The tourism industry delivers the following value to New Zealand's economy:

- Tourism in New Zealand is a \$99 million per day and \$36 billion a year industry. Tourism delivers around \$40 million in foreign exchange to the New Zealand economy each day of the year. Domestic tourism contributes another \$59 million in economic activity every day.
- The tourism industry directly and indirectly supports 14.5% of the total number of people employed in New Zealand. That means 399,150 people are working in the visitor economy.
- Tourism is New Zealand's biggest export industry, earning \$14.5 billion or 20.7% of New Zealand's foreign exchange earnings (year ended March 2017).

End.

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## **Appendix 1: TIA Local Government Manifesto 2016**

The following Tourism 2025 actions are the priorities for a stronger local government/tourism partnership. The industry's eight priorities we would like to see from Local Government are:

### **Destination Management**

This is the most important thing councils can do – look after and invest in the quality of your region as a destination.

- Facilitate and enable communities to meet the needs of growing numbers of visitors, as well as residents.
- Identify your unique selling points as a destination and promote them.
- Work with neighbouring communities to attract visitors to the wider region.

### **Infrastructure Facilitation**

With the rapid growth in visitor numbers, we have to invest in essential infrastructure and enable the private sector to develop its infrastructure by delivering efficient planning and approval services.

- Define and plan for the priority infrastructure that meets the needs of visitors as well as residents.
- Examine the regulatory environment applied to tourism operators and other businesses serving visitors, and assess where the compliance burden can be reduced to support increased productivity

### **Events programming**

Events are one of the best tools for encouraging people to visit your community. Use them to your advantage.

- Schedule events (meetings, conferences, sports events and festivals) outside of the peak season to foster off-peak travel activity.
- Attract high value business visitors through the availability of quality facilities, such as convention centres where appropriate.

### **Measuring Visitor Satisfaction**

It is important to understand what your visitors think of your community. If they are happy, businesses can grow. If you know there are areas of low satisfaction, you can address the problems. Without this insight, you can't increase value.

- Track the satisfaction of international and domestic visitors, whether by direct customer feedback or social media, and use this information to address areas of dissatisfaction and deliver ever higher satisfaction levels.

### **Off-peak Marketing**

Help your community to prosper by attracting people to visit throughout the year. This will develop a sustainable tourism industry with more permanent jobs.

- Council-owned or supported marketing agencies (e.g. RTOs, EDAs) build a stronger focus on promoting off-peak travel activity to high value visitors.

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### **Regional Development and Tourism**

Every region wants to grow and tourism can and does support this goal. Tourism complements your community's other industries like wine, horticulture and farming.

- Encourage and incentivise tourism as part of your regional development strategies.

### **Enabling Airport and Port Facility Development**

Great air and cruise links are vital to growing tourism. If your airport or port is council-owned, make sure long-term plans are aligned with industry forecasts. There are long lead times, so you have to think ahead.

- Councils work with local airports to establish and implement long-term and sustainable development strategies.
- Councils work with their port company to ensure cruise tourism is enabled.

### **Sustainable Tourism Positioning**

Every region needs to demonstrate its commitment to look after its economic future and the resources it uses to operate.

- Identify the regional priorities required to develop a sustainable tourism industry across economic, social, cultural and environmental considerations.

By actively pursuing these opportunities, your Council can enable real economic and social gains for their communities.

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